REMOVER

Revision: 10/19/2015

Supersedes Revision: 08/15/2014

Page: 1 of 7

1. Product and Company Identification

Product Code: 00044A

Product Name: QUICK RELEASE LOW ODOR MASTIC REMOVER

Company Name: TWIN-CHEMICALS, INC. Phone Number:

6175 Hickory Flat Highway

(800)442-4958

Suite 110-344 Canton, GA 30755

Web site address: www.twinchemicals.com
Email address: sales@twinchemicals.com

Emergency Contact: CERTS (Health & Environment only) (800)552-3787 **Information:** Sales & Information - (800)442-4958

2. Hazards Identification

Acute Toxicity: Skin, Category 4
Skin Corrosion/Irritation, Category 2
Aspiration Toxicity, Category 2
Acute Toxicity: Inhalation, Category 4
Flammable Liquids, Category 3







GHS Signal Word: Warning

GHS Hazard Phrases: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.

H305 - May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways.

H312 - Harmful in contact with skin.

H315 - Causes skin irritation. H332 - Harmful if inhaled.

GHS Precaution Phrases: P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/.../ equipment.

P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection.

GHS Response Phrases: P301+310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P303+361+353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/take off immediately all contaminated

clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304+340 - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position

comfortable for breathing.

P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. P321 - Specific treatment see appropriate section on the label or SDS.

P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting.

P332+313 - If skin irritation occurs, get medical advice/attention. P362 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before re-use.

GHS Storage and Disposal

Phrases: P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to a waste facility according to local regulations.

P403+235 - Store in cool/well-ventilated place.

REMOVER

Revision: 10/19/2015 Supersedes Revision: 08/15/2014

Page: 2 of 7

Potential Health Effects (Acute and Chronic):

Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause defatting and dermatitis.

Chronic: May cause liver and kidney damage. Sophisticated modeling has clearly proven that 2-butoxyethanol does not build up in the body under any kinds of normal use.

Inhalation: Harmful if inhaled. May cause narcotic effects in high concentration. May cause lung

damage. May cause anemia. May cause central nervous system effects such as nausea and headache. Material is irritating to mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract.

Skin Contact: May cause irritation with burning pain, itching and redness. Causes skin irritation.

Causes symptoms similar to those of inhalation. Skin sensitization testing with human volunteers produced negative results. A skin notation is not recommended by ACGIH, based on estimates from physiologically based pharmacokinetic models which indicate that, even in worst-case dermal-exposure scenarios, 2-butoxyethanol is not absorbed in amounts sufficient to cause red blood cell hemolysis in humans. May cause skin

irritation.

Eye Contact: Causes redness and pain. Causes severe eye irritation.

Ingestion: Aspiration hazard. May cause irritation of the digestive tract. Harmful if swallowed. May

cause gastrointestinal irritation with nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause allergic reactions in certain sensitive individuals.

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

CAS#	Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)	Concentration
64742-47-8	Hydrotreated light distillate (petroleum)	<95.0 %
111-76-2	Ethanol, 2-Butoxy- {Ethylene glycol n-butyl ether, Glycol Ether EB}	< 7.0 %
9016-45-9	Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha(nonylphenyl)omegahydr {Nonylphenol Ethoxylate}	< 5.0 %

4. First Aid Measures

Emergency and First Aid

Procedures:

In Case of Inhalation: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical aid

immediately. Remove from exposure and move to fresh air immediately.

In Case of Skin Contact: In case of contact, flush skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and

shoes. Get medical aid if irritation develops and persists. Wash clothing before reuse.

In Case of Eye Contact: Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and

lower eyelids. Get medical aid immediately.

In Case of Ingestion: Potential for aspiration if swallowed. Get medical aid immediately. Never give anything

by mouth to an unconscious person. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward. Call a poison control center. If swallowed, wash out mouth with water provided

person is conscious. Call a physician.

Signs and Symptoms Of

Exposure:

Exposure can cause: Nausea, headache, and vomiting. To the best of our knowledge,

the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly

investigated.

Note to Physician: None known.

REMOVER

Page: 3 of 7

Revision: 10/19/2015 Supersedes Revision: 08/15/2014

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Flash Pt: > 141.00 F Method Used: Cleveland Closed Cup

Explosive Limits: LEL: UEL:

Autoignition Pt:

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use water spray, dry chemical, carbon dioxide, or appropriate foam. Suitable:

Fire Fighting Instructions: As in any fire, wear a self-contained breathing apparatus in pressure-demand,

MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent), and full protective gear. During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion. Use

water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Will burn if involved in a fire.

Combustible liquid and vapor. Protective Equipment: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing to prevent contact with skin and eyes. Specific

Hazard(s):

Flammable Properties and

Hazards:

Hazardous Combustion

Products:

6. Accidental Release Measures

Steps To Be Taken In Case Material Is Released Or Spilled: Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8.

Spills/Leaks: Absorb spill with inert material (e.g. vermiculite, sand or earth), then place in suitable container. Avoid runoff into storm sewers and ditches which lead to waterways. Clean up spills immediately, observing precautions in the Protective Equipment section. Remove all sources of ignition. Provide ventilation. Wear a self contained breathing apparatus and appropriate personal protection. (See Exposure Controls, Personal Protection section). Use a spark-proof tool. Do not let this chemical enter the environment. PROCEDURE(S) OF PERSONAL PRECAUTION(S) Wear respirator, chemical safety goggles, rubber boots, and heavy rubber gloves. Methods for cleaning up.

Ventilate area and wash spill site after material pickup is complete.

7. Handling and Storage

Precautions To Be Taken in Handling:

Wash thoroughly after handling. Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep container tightly closed. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose empty containers to heat, sparks or open flames. Keep away from heat and flame. Use spark-proof tools and explosion proof equipment. Do not ingest or inhale. Use only in a chemical fume hood. User Exposure: Do not breathe vapor.

Precautions To Be Taken in Storing:

Keep away from sources of ignition. Store in a tightly closed container. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances. Store in a cool, dry place.

Suitable:

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

CAS#	Partial Chemical Name	OSHA TWA	ACGIH TWA	Other Limits
64742-47-8	Hydrotreated light distillate (petroleum)		TLV: 200 mg/m3	
111-76-2	Ethanol, 2-Butoxy- {Ethylene glycol n-butyl ether, Glycol Ether EB}	PEL: 50 ppm	TLV: 20 ppm	
9016-45-9	Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha(nonylphenyl)omegahydr {Nonylphenol Ethoxylate}			

Page: 4 of 7

Revision: 10/19/2015

SAFETY DATA SHEET **QUICK RELEASE LOW ODOR MASTIC**

REMOVER Supersedes Revision: 08/15/2014

Respiratory Equipment

(Specify Type):

Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government

standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU). Where risk assessment shows

air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multi- purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face

supplied air respirator. Hand: Compatible chemical-resistant gloves.

Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by **Eye Protection:**

OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard

EN166. Chemical safety goggles.

Wear appropriate protective gloves to prevent skin exposure. **Protective Gloves:**

Wear appropriate protective clothing to prevent skin exposure. Other Protective Clothing:

Engineering Controls

(Ventilation etc.):

Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower. Use adequate ventilation to keep airborne concentrations low. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Safety

shower and eye bath.

Work/Hygienic/Maintenance

Practices:

Wash thoroughly after handling.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

[X] Liquid **Physical States:** [] Gas [] Solid

clear, water white liquid. Appearance and Odor:

solvent odor.

NΡ pH:

Freezing Point: < -40.00 C - 0.00 F

Boiling Point: > 250.00 F

Flash Pt: > 141.00 F Method Used: Cleveland Closed Cup

Evaporation Rate: > 1 (H2O=1)

Flammability (solid, gas):

Explosive Limits: LEL: UEL: NA

Vapor Pressure (vs. Air or

mm Hg):

Vapor Density (vs. Air = 1): > 1

at 70.0 F Specific Gravity (Water = 1): 0.819 - 0.829

NR Density: Solubility in Water: < 3 NA Saturated Vapor

Concentration:

Octanol/Water Partition

Coefficient:

Percent Volatile: > 95.0 % by weight.

Autoignition Pt:

Decomposition Temperature:

Viscosity: Water thin

REMOVER

Page: 5 of 7

Revision: 10/19/2015

Supersedes Revision: 08/15/2014

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability: Unstable [] Stable [X]

Conditions To Avoid -

ignition sources, Incompatible materials.

Instability:

Incompatibility - Materials To Strong acids. Strong bases, Aluminum.

Avoid:

Hazardous Decomposition or Nitrogen oxides, Carbon monoxide, oxides of sulfur.

Byproducts:

Possibility of Hazardous

Will occur [] Will not occur [X]

Reactions:

Conditions To Avoid - Hazardous Reactions:

11. Toxicological Information

Toxicological Information: Epidemiology: No information found.

Teratogenicity: No information available. Reproductive Effects: Mutagenicity:

Neurotoxicity:

Carcinogenicity/Other

Information:

CAS# 64742-47-8: Not listed by ACGIH, IARC, NTP, or CA Prop 65. CAS# 111-76-2:

ACGIH: A3 - Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.

California: Not listed. NTP: Not listed. IARC: Not listed.

CAS#	Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)	NTP	IARC	ACGIH	OSHA
64742-47-8	Hydrotreated light distillate (petroleum)	n.a.	n.a.	A4	n.a.
111-76-2	Ethanol, 2-Butoxy- {Ethylene glycol n-butyl ether, Glycol Ether EB}	n.a.	3	А3	n.a.
9016-45-9	Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha(nonylphenyl)omegahydr {Nonylphenol Ethoxylate}	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.

12. Ecological Information

General Ecological Information:

Environmental: TERRESTRIAL FATE: Based on a recommended classification scheme, an estimated Koc value of 67,, determined from an experimental log Kow and a recommended regression-derived equation, indicates that ethylene glycol mono-n-butyl ether is expected to have high mobility in soil. An estimated BCF value of 2.5 was calculated for ethylene glycol mono-n-butyl ether, using an experimental log Kow of 0.83 and a recommended regression-derived equation. According to a recommended classification scheme, this BCF value suggests that bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is low.

Physical: No information found.

Other: An estimated BCF value of 2.5,, from an experimental log Kow, suggests that ethylene glycol mono-n-butyl ether bioconcentration in aquatic organisms will be low,

according to a recommended classification scheme. ELIMINATION.

REMOVER

Page: 6 of 7

Revision: 10/19/2015

Supersedes Revision: 08/15/2014

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal Method:

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. US EPA guidelines for the classification determination are listed in 40 CFR Parts 261. Additionally, waste generators must consult state and local hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

RCRA P-Series: None listed.

RCRA U-Series: None listed. Empty container may be recycled or disposed of as solid sanitary waste. Do not reuse container. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material. Dissolve or mix the material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber.

14. Transport Information

LAND TRANSPORT (US DOT):

DOT Proper Shipping Name: Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s

(applies to single containers of more than 119 gallons -

smaller containers are not regulated)

NOT REGULATED FOR DOMESTIC TRANSPORT.

DOT Hazard Class: UN/NA Number:

LAND TRANSPORT (Canadian TDG):

TDG Shipping Name: Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s

(applies to single containers of more than 119 gallons -

smaller containers are not regulated)

AIR TRANSPORT (ICAO/IATA):

ICAO/IATA Shipping Name: Non-Hazardous for Air Transport: Non-hazardous for air transport.

15. Regulatory Information

EPA SARA (Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986) Lists

CAS # 64742-47-8	Hazardous Components (Chemical Name) Hydrotreated light distillate (petroleum)	S. 302 (EHS) No	S. 304 RQ No	S. 313 (TRI) No
111-76-2	Ethanol, 2-Butoxy- {Ethylene glycol n-butyl ether, Glycol Ether EB}	No	No	Yes-Cat. N230
9016-45-9	Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha(nonylphenyl)omegahydr {Nonylphenol Ethoxylate}	No	No	No
CAS#	Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)	Other US EPA or	State Lists	
64742-47-8	Hydrotreated light distillate (petroleum)	CAA HAP,ODC: N Inventory; CA PR	lo; CWA NPDES: No; OP.65: No	TSCA: Yes -
64742-47-8 111-76-2	Hydrotreated light distillate (petroleum) Ethanol, 2-Butoxy- {Ethylene glycol n-butyl ether, Glycol Ether EB}	Inventory; CA PR	OP.65: No lo; CWA NPDES: No;	

REMOVER

Page: 7 of 7

Revision: 10/19/2015

Supersedes Revision: 08/15/2014

16. Other Information

Revision Date: 10/19/2015

Additional Information About

This Product:

Company Policy or

Disclaimer:

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN is based upon available information at the time of preparation and isbelieved to be accurate but is not warranted to be so. Users are advised to confirm in advance of need that the information is current, applicable and suited to the circumstances of use. Vendor assumes no responsibility for injury to vendee or any other user proximately caused by the material if misused or if reasonable safety procedures are not adheared to as stipulated in the data sheet and on the prduct label. Furthermore, vendor assumes no responsibility for injury or damage caused by abnormal use of this material even if reasonable safety measures are followed.